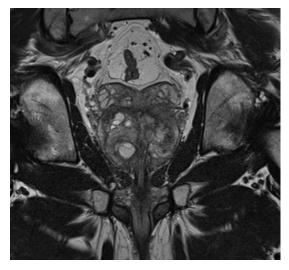
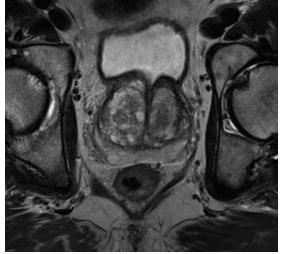
Improving Prostate MRI Quality

Ryan D. Ward, MD, Rachel Harris, Kevin McDermott, Andrei S. Purysko, MD

Section of Abdominal Imaging, Diagnostics Institute, Cleveland Clinic















Baseline

Baseline scores show that approximately 55% of our MRI prostate scans

reach a Pi-Qual score

Baseline Pi-Qual Audit

 Our baseline DWI prostate scans are



Increase the percentage of prostate MRI exams that receive a PI-QUAL score of >4 from of **55% to 80%**, by Sept. 2023, and

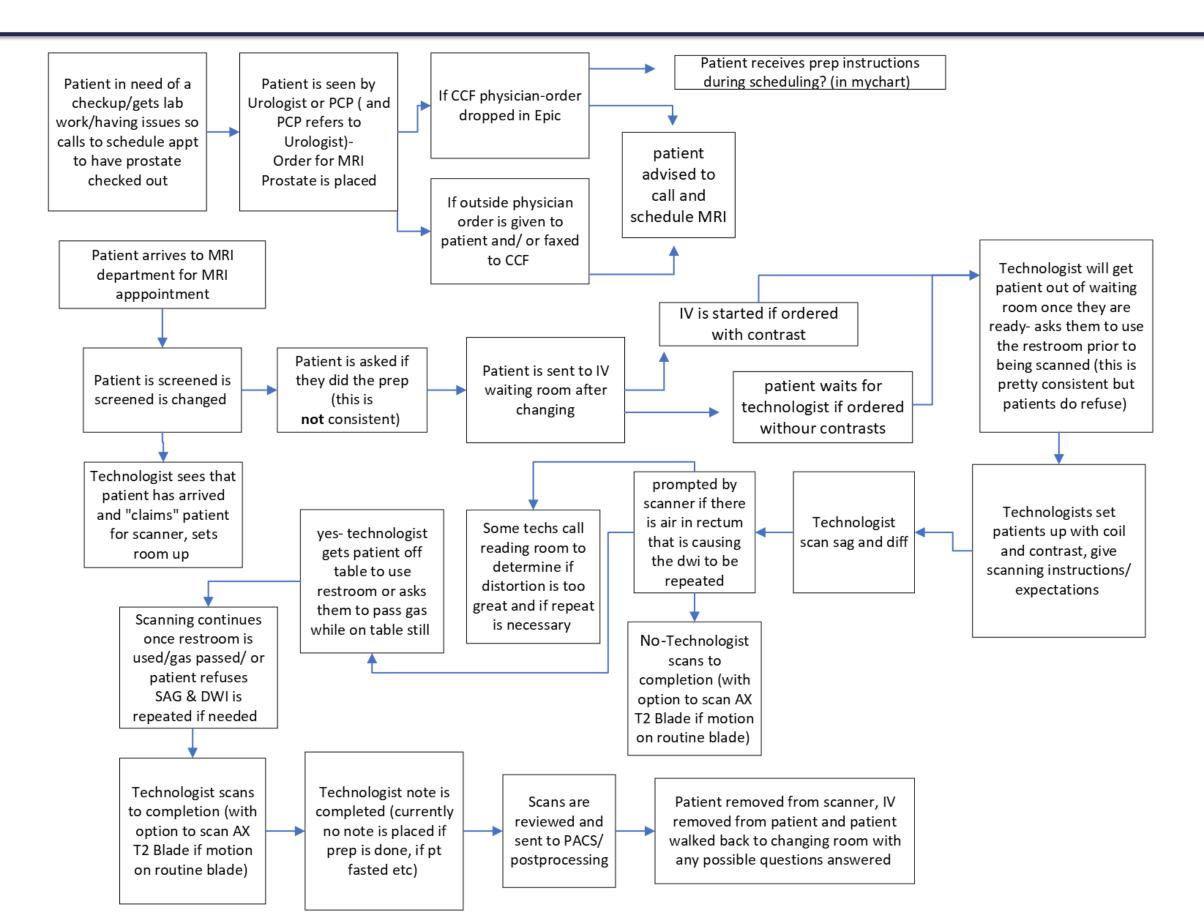
Increase the percentage of prostate MRI exams with at least one DWI sequence(s) rated optimal from **60% to 80%**, by Sept. 2023

6 of our MRI

DWI Audit

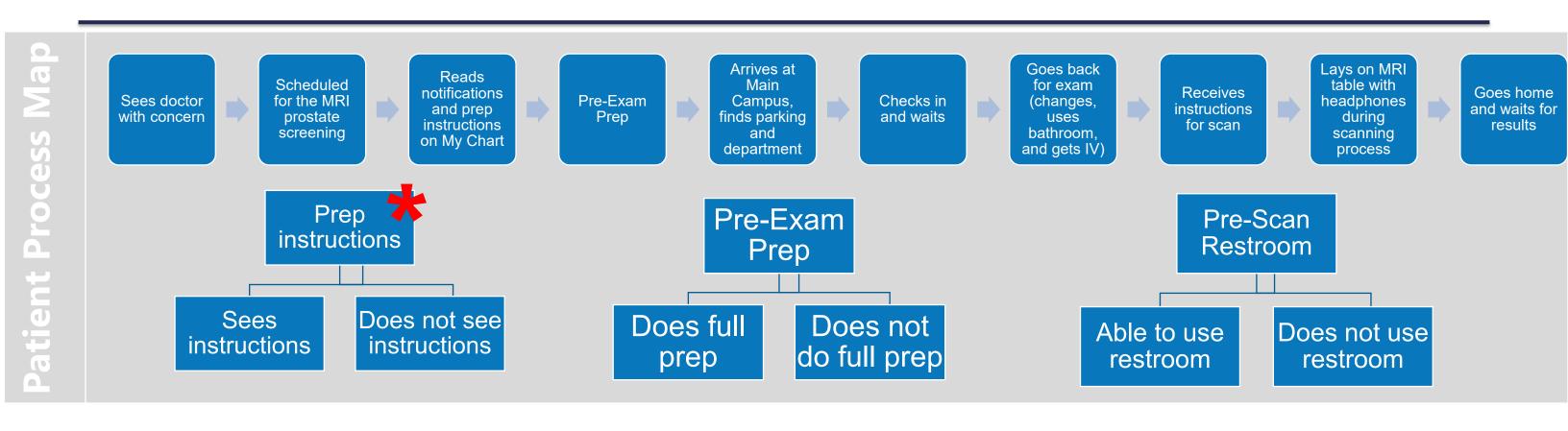


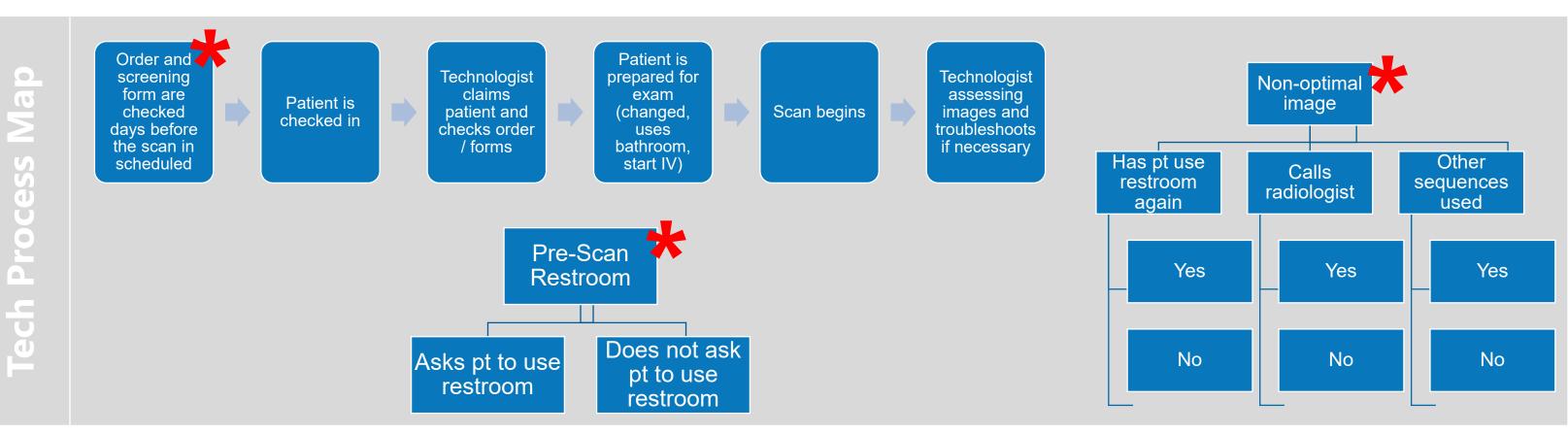
Analysis: Mapping the Process



Analysis: Post-Gemba Process Maps

* Denotes points of variability and lack of standardization







Root Causes and Key Drivers

Root Causes

Key Drivers

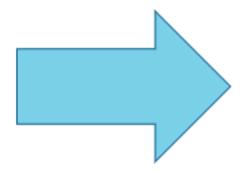
Bowel gas and motion artifacts

No / incorrect enema or diet prep

Inconsistent troubleshooting process

Lack of standards on image quality

Scanner protocol variability



Standardized troubleshooting process

Consistent and timely, and effective prep instructions

Standardized protocols across scanners

Have an ongoing QC process

Example intervention

BEFORE YOUR EXAM

- 1. If you were given an implanted medical device identification card, please bring it with you to your appointment.
- 2. Do not eat for 12 hours prior to your exam, unless instructed otherwise. You may drink clear liquids. Do not drink beverages that contain caffeine or carbonation, such as coffee, tea, or colas.
- 3. If you have diabetes, contact the health care provider taking care of your diabetes or your primary care provider to ask how to manage your blood sugar.
- 4. If you have diabetes and wear an insulin pump, you will be required to remove it for your exam.
- 5. Give yourself a Fleet enema to cleanse your bowel 4 hours prior to your exam. Follow the directions on the package labeling and never exceed the recommended dose. If your exam is before 10 AM, you may give yourself the Fleet enema the evening before your example of the recommended dose.
- Please make child and/or dependent care arrangements. Patients 17 years old and un do not have parental/guardian permission documented in their electronic medical record Hello,
- Written consent/permission from the parent/guardian
- Phone number of parent/guardian to verify or gather information at time of visit

ARRIVAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- Arrive 30 minutes before the start of your exam.
- 2.If you are signed up for MyChart, there is a safety screening form can be filled out price surgical history. Filling this out prior to your visit is recommended as it will minimize any form upon arrival.
- 3. If you use reading glasses, bring them with you to your appointment.
- 4. Bring with you any assistive devices you use to help you move around (cane, walker,
- Wear comfortable clothing that is easily removed. You will be required to remove your
- 6. For your safety, assistance will be provided if you need help changing.

Blobs of text Generic instructions

Patient instructions (BEFORE)

Patient instructions (AFTER)

Clear, concise

Specific

Bolded

I am reaching out from the MRI team to remind you that the MRI appointment you are scheduled for requires some prep. See below for specific details. If you have any questions please call 216-444-8215.

ENEMA:

You will need to use a Fleet saline enema to cleanse your bowel 4 hours prior to your exam. If your exam is before 10 AM, you may give yourself the Fleet enema the evening before your exam.

Follow the directions on the package labeling and never exceed the recommended dose. Consult your pharmacist with specific questions.

You will be asked to use the restroom once again in the MRI department to help expel any additional gas or stool in your rectum.

DIET:

Do not eat for 12 hours prior to your exam, unless instructed otherwise.

You may drink clear liquids prior to MRI

water

juices (no pulp)

broth

Do NOT drink beverages that contain caffeine or carbonation (at least 12 hours).

NO coffee

NO tea

NO colas/sparkling beverages

Due to the importance of the prep, if prep is not completed fully or accurately there is a chance that the MRI appointment will need to be rescheduled. This is at the discretion of the supervising radiologist.

Thanks.

Rachel Harris (RT)(R)(MR), MRI Imaging Education Specialist

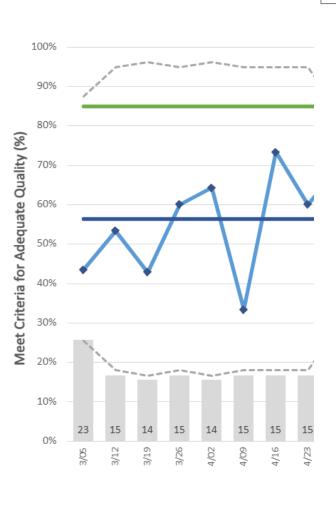
Have an ongoing QC process

Developing consensus on image quality

Maintain technologist skill

Results





DCE Score

68

205

Pre-intervention

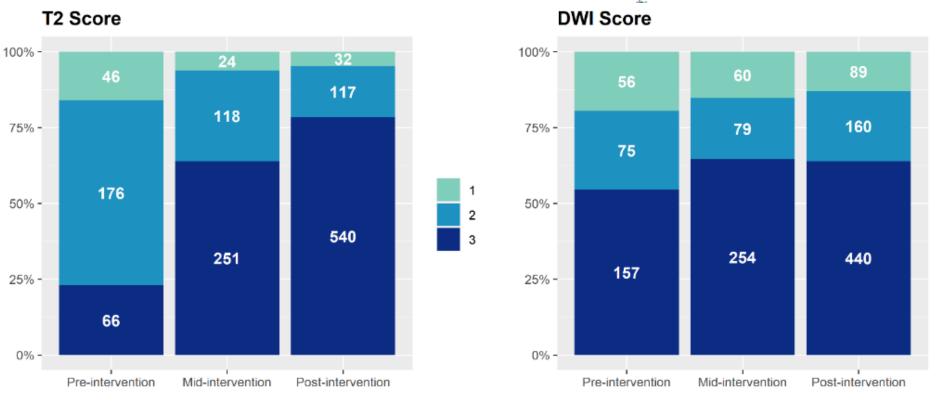
100% -

75% -

50% -

25%

0% -



18 53

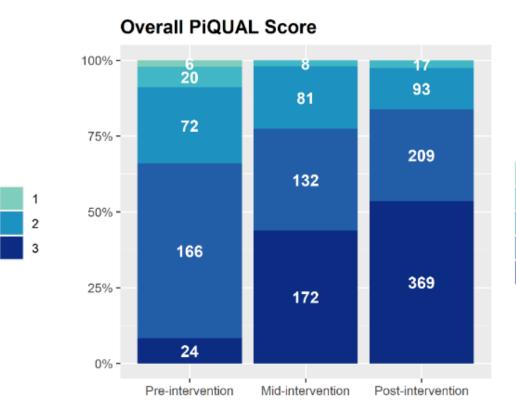
618

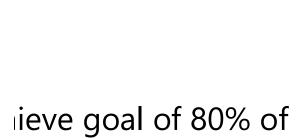
Post-intervention

66

324

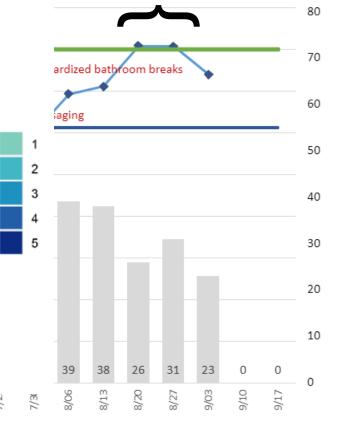
Mid-intervention





5 <u>></u>

RI exams with DWI cored as optimal of the study period

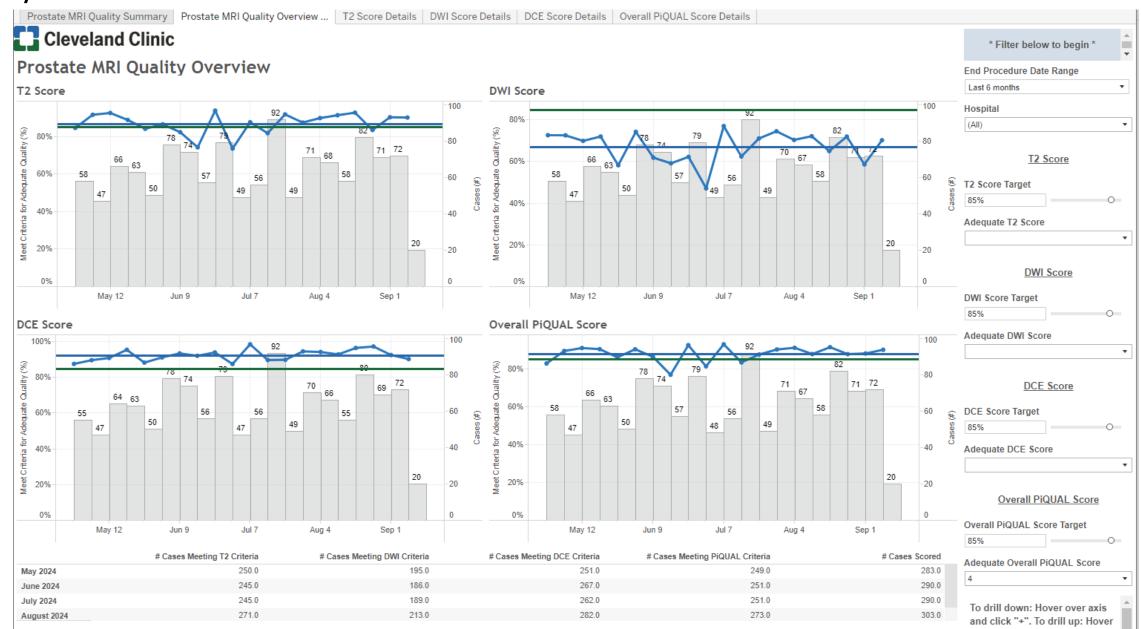


Discussion

- Most important interventions to improve image quality, particularly on the diffusion weighted images, related to removing rectal gas.
- Main challenge was the effort required to score each exam. Key to develop methodologies to automate steps in the process, where possible.
- Critical to understand when and how patients are receiving information to better understand how to reach them.
- Discussing the importance of prep compliance with patients and referring clinicians improved the effectiveness of the intervention.
- Creating a shared mental model on image quality is paramount in helping technologists understand what makes a quality image.

Discussion

- The project has also facilitated a sustainable quality control process through the development of tools to automate quality reporting.
- To date, over 3000 prostate MRIs have been scored using the PI-QUAL scoring system with results available in a real-time dashboard.



Conclusion and Next Steps

- Quality improvement is a process that requires concerted effort.
- Using a team-based approach, our organization was able to achieve sustainable performance improvement.
- We will continue to monitor image quality and adjust protocols and workflows where necessary.
- Given the initial intervention was at our main hospital, these efforts can be scaled and reproduced at other hospitals and imaging centers in our enterprise.
- Continue to build tools and techniques to reduce effort needed to capture important quality data.