

## Improving image quality of intrahepatic portal veins with dual-energy spectral CT imaging and adaptive statistical iterative reconstruction

YaoJun<sup>1</sup>, Zhu YaNan<sup>2</sup>, Zhou HePing<sup>2</sup>

1 Department of Radiology AnKang City Central Hospital

2 Department of Radiology Ankang City Central Hospital



**Objective**: To investigate the clinical value of dual-energy spectral CT imaging and adaptive statistical iterative reconstruction (ASIR-V) in improving image quality of portal veins.





**Methods:** Forty patients undergoing abdominal CT angiography of the portal veins using dual-energy spectral imaging mode on a GE Revolution CT were prospectively collected. The 120 kVp-like images were first reconstructed with 40% ASIR-V to simulate the conventional imaging condition in the control group. The spectral monochromatic images at 40-70 keV (intervals of 10 keV, 4 levels) were reconstructed in combination with 40%, 60%, 70%, 80% ASIR-V (4 levels) to generate 16 image sets in the study group. The CT numbers and their standard deviation (SD) of the intrahepatic portal vein were measured to calculate signal to noise ratio (SNR) and contrast to noise ratio (CNR). The subjective image quality was evaluated by two radiologists using a 5point scoring system. The results were analyzed with one-way analysis of variance, paired sample t-test and Mann-Whitney U test.



Table	Ohi	ecive	Eval	lation	

Table Objective Evaluation						
parameter	40kev	120kvp-Like	P value			
Mean CT value of PV trunk	317.88±41.55	182.16±21.47	0.014			
(HU)						
Noise at PV trunk	56.64±11.33	34.16±43.84	0.287			
CNR of PV trunk	3.34±1.35	$3.19\pm1.73$	0.293			
SNR of PV trunk	5.89±1.79	$7.17\pm2.01$	0.755			
mean CT value of RPV(HU)	$310.60\pm38.80$	$180.89 \pm 19.04$	0.002			
Noise at RPV	55.71±9.49	27.53±4.50	0.002			
CNR of RPV	$3.18\pm1.18$	3.13±1.46	0.276			
SNR of RPV	5.76±1.35	6.70±1.08	0.278			
Mean CT value of LPV(HU)	301.42±48.95	179.88±23.69	0.001			
Noise at LPV	54.55±11.18	26.65±5.77	0.003			
CNR of L PV	2.99±1.44	$3.11\pm1.75$	0.624			
SNR of LPV	5.78±1.60	7.02±1.60	0.718			

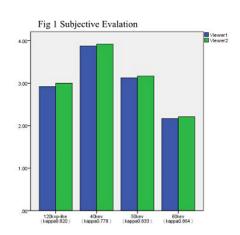
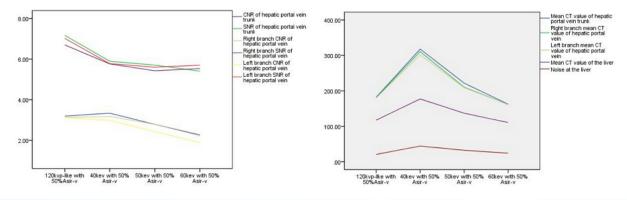


Fig 2 Objective Evalation of Line Chart



Results: CT values of intrahepatic portal vein increased with the decrease of photon energy. portal vein CNR and SNR at 40 keV reconstructed with 80% ASIR-V  $(7.20\pm2.62, 11.76\pm3.40)$ reached the maximal, similar to that at 50 keV with 80% ASIR-V ( $6.34 \pm 2.30$ , 11.44±3.29), and higher than those at 120 kVp-like images (2.42±0.96, 6.15±1.66) (all P<0.05). Images at 50 keV with 80% ASIR-V yielded a maximal subjective image quality score.





Fig3-A,40keV,300mgI/kg,VR

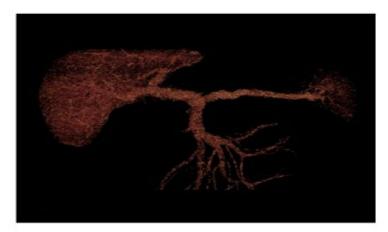


Fig4-A,120kVp-like,600mgI/kg,VR

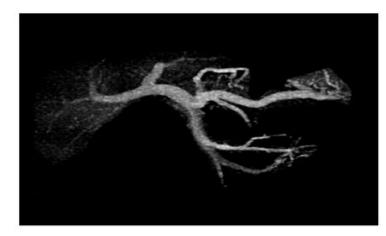


Fig3-B,40keV,300mgI/kg,MIP

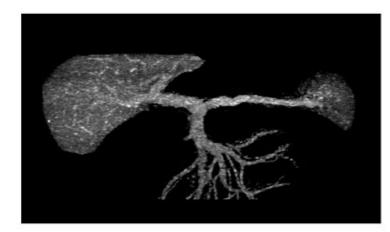


Fig4-A,120kVp-like,600mgI/kg,MIP



**Conclusions:** Spectral CT imaging using low energy images (at 50keV) and high-strength ASIR-V (80%) significantly improves the image quality of portal veins, compared with the conventional imaging protocol.

